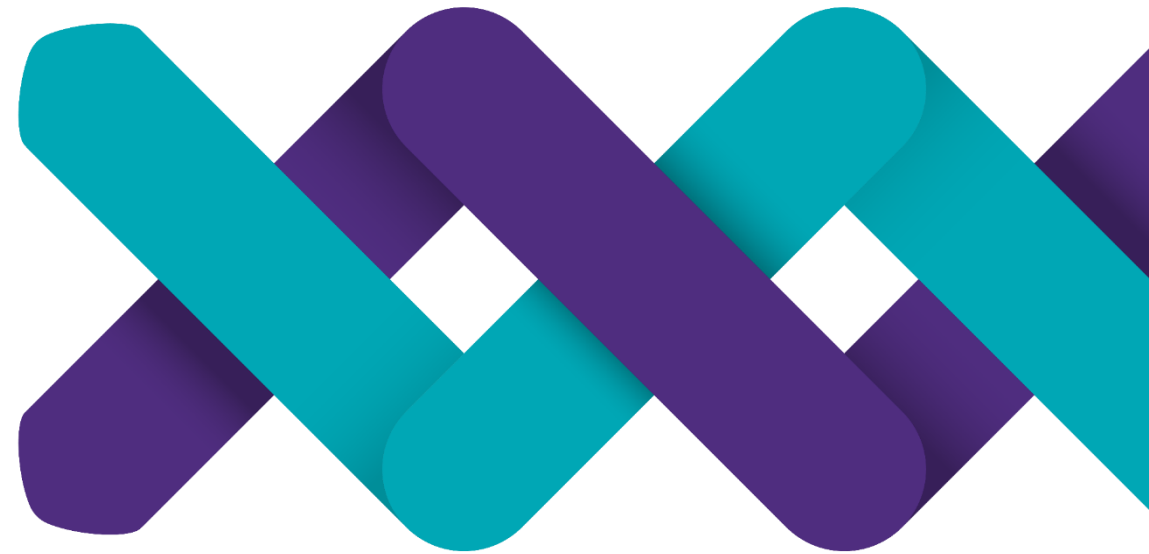


Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

South Downs National Park Authority
Year ending 31 March 2020

September 2020



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Introduction



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This paper provides the Policy and Resources Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes)

Members of the Policy and Resources Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications

www.granthornton.co.uk ..

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

Progress at September 2020

Financial Statements Audit

We undertook our initial planning for the 2019/20 audit in January 2020, and communicated our audit plan to this Committee on 27 February 2020. In addition to the audit risks communicated to those charged with governance in our Audit Plan on 27 February 2020, recent events led us to update our planning risk assessment and value for money (VfM) approach to reflect the unprecedented global response to the Covid-19 pandemic. We communicated the Audit Plan Addendum to this Committee on 16 July 2020.

Due to Covid-19 the national deadlines for accounts audits were revised; the deadline for the preparation of the financial statements was extended to 31 August 2020 and the date for audited financials statements was extended to 30 November 2020.

The accounts audit started in the first week of July 2020, but there have been staff and resourcing limitations on both the authority and audit team side particularly during August 2020 which limited progress and means that audit work is continuing during September 2020. We expect to complete the audit work during October 2020.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report and we will give our opinion on the Statement of Accounts at the next Committee meeting in November 2020.

We have set out on Page 6 further information about how the Covid-19 pandemic has impacted our audit working arrangements, the impact on accounts and audit opinions and the changes to reporting requirements.

Value for Money

The scope of our work is set out in the guidance issued by the National Audit Office. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".

The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as: "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".

The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:

- Informed decision making
- Sustainable resource deployment
- Working with partners and other third parties

Details of our initial risk assessment to determine our approach will be included in our Audit Plan.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report and aim to give our Value For Money Conclusion by November 2020.

The NAO consultation on a new Code of Audit Practice (the "Code") has finished, and the new Code has completed its approval process in Parliament. It therefore came into force on 1 April 2020 for audit years 2020/21 and onwards. The new Code supersedes the Code of Audit Practice 2015, which was published by the National Audit Office (NAO) in April 2015.

The most significant change under the new Code is the introduction of an Auditor's Annual Report, containing a commentary on arrangements to secure value for money and any associated recommendations. The NAO public consultation is now underway and runs until 2 September 2020. It can be accessed through the NAO website:

<https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/agn-03-vfm-consultation/>

COVID-19 Update

Impact on working arrangements:

- following the government's announcement on Monday 16 March 2020, we closed our Grant Thornton offices for the foreseeable future and your audit team are now working from home
- we have been working remotely during your accounts audit. Although there are some audit tasks which are best undertaken in person, we will be able to complete the majority of the audit remotely. This does however make the audit process longer. We continue to work closely with your finance team to make this different way of working as efficient as possible.

Impact on accounts and audit opinions:

There are a number of key issues which your finance team will have had to consider as part of the year end closedown and accounts production:

- impact on reserves and financial health and whether the Authority needs to provide additional disclosures that draw attention to a Material Uncertainty around Going Concern (this could also impact on the VfM conclusion) or asset valuations.
- valuation of Property, Plant & Equipment and assumptions made by valuers, particularly in respect of carrying value to current value assessment.
- impact on collectability of debt and assumptions made in bad debt provisions.
- impact on post-balance sheet events. The consequences of the virus post 31 March 2020 will generally be non-adjusting post balance sheet events but some form of disclosure may be needed.
- disclosure of impact in annual report.
- disclosure of critical judgements and material estimation uncertainties.
- impact on the content of the Annual Governance Statement, particularly with regards to risks, controls and mitigation.
- considerations in respect of service continuity and disaster planning arrangements (this could impact on the VfM conclusion).
- impact on reporting to those charged with governance and signing arrangements.

Changes to reporting requirements:

- the Secretary of State announced for the 2019/20 accounting period, extending the period for publication of principal authority accounts to 30 August 2020.
- for principal authorities, this means that the whole chain of publication requirements will be amended. The audited financial statements are now to be published by 30 November 2020.
- IFRS 16 implementation has been delayed by 1 year to 1 April 2021. IAS 8 disclosures in respect of new accounting standards which have been issued but are not yet effective are still required for IFRS 16 (Leases) even though implementation is deferred to 2021/22.

Audit Deliverables

2019/20 Deliverables	Planned Date	Status
<p>Fee Letter</p> <p>Confirming audit fee for 2019/20.</p>	April 2019	Complete
<p>Audit Plan</p> <p>We are required to issue a detailed audit plan to the Policy and Resources Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Authority's 2019-20 financial statements and a Conclusion on the Authority's Value for Money arrangements.</p>	February 2020	Complete
<p>Audit Findings Report</p> <p>The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the November Policy and Resources Committee.</p>	October 2020	Not yet due
<p>Auditors Report</p> <p>This is the opinion on your financial statement, annual governance statement and value for money conclusion.</p>	November 2020	Not yet due
<p>Annual Audit Letter</p> <p>This letter communicates the key issues arising from our work.</p>	December 2020	Not yet due

Sector Update

Councils continue to try to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider local government sector and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- [Grant Thornton Publications](#)
- [Insights from local government sector specialists](#)
- [Reports of interest](#)
- [Accounting and regulatory updates](#)

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:

Public Sector

Local
government

In-depth insight into the impact of Covid-19 on financial reporting in the local government sector – Grant Thornton

In June Grant Thornton published a report to help officers and elected members identify points they should consider when assessing and reporting the impact of Covid-19 on their authority. Each authority will be impacted in different ways and will need to make their own assessment of the impact on their financial statements. However, the report identified some of the key challenges for the sector, along with the potential financial reporting and regulatory impact, to support preparers of local authority accounts navigate through some of these key issues. The report also included a number of useful links to other resources.

The extraordinary events we are living through follow a decade of austerity, triggered by the financial crisis of 2008/09, which had already placed considerable strain on local authorities' finances. Increased demand for many local public services, directly related to the outbreak of the virus, has placed immediate pressure on authorities' cash flows and expenditure budgets. The longer-term consequences of recession and unemployment on demand for services have yet to be experienced.

At the same time, several important sources of local authority income including Council Tax, Non-domestic (business) rates, fees and charges, rents and investment returns have, to a greater or lesser extent, been subject to reduction or suspension. This perfect storm of conditions presents a real threat to the financial sustainability of the sector. Now, more than ever, strong political and executive leadership is needed to re-establish priorities, review strategies and medium-term financial plans and ensure that public funds are being used as efficiently and effectively as possible. A balance has to be struck between responding to the needs of residents and businesses in a timely manner, protecting the most vulnerable and ensuring appropriate measures and controls around financial management are in place to mitigate against future 'financial shock'. In doing so, iterative scenario planning will help officers and elected members to take informed decisions at key stages, revisiting and revising plans along the way.

The report considered:

- Operational challenges and the related financial reporting/regulatory impact
- Government support schemes – considering the accounting implications
- Significant financial reporting issues to consider
- Other sector issues and practicalities to consider
- Impact on audit work/external scrutiny process
- Engagement with experts

In terms of key financial reporting considerations for 2019/20, consideration should be given to:

Information published with accounts

- Does the Narrative Report reflect the urgency of the situation, the changes to Council services as a result of lockdown, the partnership arrangements in place, the impact of the pandemic on income and expenditure and possible future scenarios, the impact on savings programmes, the capital programme, treasury management, medium term financial plans and the Council's communications strategy (noting this is not an exhaustive list)?
- Does the Annual Governance Statement reflect significant developments between 31 March 2020 and the finalisation of the accounts? Does the AGS describe emergency governance arrangements for decision making, the postponement of elections, the transition to virtual meetings and plans for the return to normal democratic processes?

Non-current asset valuations

- There has been a significant increase in volatility and uncertainty in markets following the outbreak of Covid-19. RICS has issued a Valuation Practice Alert following the pandemic, and we are aware a significant number of valuers are including 'material valuation uncertainty' disclosures within their reports. Has the Council assessed the impact of such comments, reflected 'material valuation uncertainty' disclosures within the financial statements and taken account of the requirement of Code paragraph 3.4.2.90 to provide appropriate disclosure in their financial statements in relation to major sources of estimation uncertainty?

Non-current asset valuations

- The Council is required to make an assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that assets may be impaired. There are several types of event or change in circumstance that could indicate an impairment may have occurred, including evidence of obsolescence or physical damage or a commitment to undertake a significant reorganisation. Has the Council assessed whether the impact of the pandemic may have triggered impairments?
- Has the Council considered these matters in relation to Investment Property held? Potentially more so for 2020/21, there may be significant declines in asset carrying values, especially for investments in retail or office premises.

Impairment of receivables

- IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* introduced an expected credit loss model for financial assets which drives earlier recognition of impairments. Has the Council assessed the impact of the pandemic on its expectation of credit losses?
- Impairment of statutory Council Tax and Non-domestic rate debtor balances is also possible. Has the Council observed a measurable decrease in estimated future cashflow, for example an increase in the number of delayed payments? Has the Council considered whether recent historical loss experience across aged debt may also need revision where current information indicates the historical experience doesn't reflect current conditions? Experience following the 2008/09 financial crisis may prove to be a useful reference point, given the ensuing recession conditions.

Events after the reporting period

- By 31 March 2020 enough was known about the pandemic for accounts preparers and market participants to reflect and, if necessary, adjust assumptions and assessments. By the end of March 2020, it would be extremely difficult to say that the pandemic was not an event that existed and therefore any accounting impact that occurred after this date is not an adjusting event.
- Has the Council distinguished between subsequent events that are adjusting (i.e. those that provide further evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date) and non-adjusting (i.e. those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date)? Has the Council got arrangements in place to assess events up to the date the final accounts are authorised for issue?

Sources of estimation uncertainty

Has the Council identified the assumptions required about the future and estimates at the end of the current reporting period that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year? Have these been appropriately disclosed in accordance with the requirements of IAS 1 paras 125-133?

2019/20 financial statements are being prepared in an environment of heightened uncertainty as a result of the pandemic and the situation is evolving and fast moving. We have drawn out some of the key considerations for local authority financial reporting here, but further details can be found in our full report available on the Grant Thornton website:

<https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/globalassets/1.-member-firms/united-kingdom/pdf/publication/2020/impact-of-covid19-on-financial-reporting-local-government-sector.pdf>



Guide for Audit and Risk Committees on Financial Reporting and Management during COVID-19 – National Audit Office

In June the National Audit Office (NAO) published a guide that “aims to help audit and risk committee members discharge their responsibilities and to examine the impacts on their organisations of the COVID-19 outbreak. It is part of a programme of work undertaken by the NAO to support Parliament in its scrutiny of the UK government’s response to COVID-19.”

The NAO report notes “Audit and risk committees are integral to the scrutiny and challenge process. They advise boards and accounting officers on matters of financial accountability, assurance and governance, and can support organisations, providing expert challenge, helping organisations focus on what is important, and how best to manage risk.

Each organisation will have existing risk management processes in place, but risk appetite may have changed as a result of COVID-19, for the organisation to operate effectively and respond in a timely manner. This may result in a weakening of controls in some areas, increasing the likelihood of other risks occurring. Organisations will need to consider how long this change in risk appetite is sustainable for.”

The NAO comment “This guide aims to help audit and risk committee members discharge their responsibilities in several different areas, and to examine the impacts on their organisations of the COVID-19 outbreak, including on:

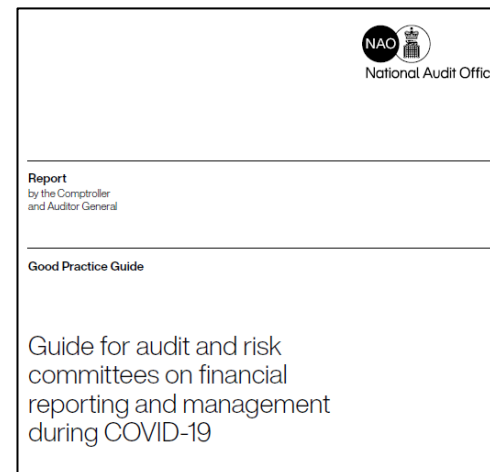
- annual reports;
- financial reporting;
- the control environment; and
- regularity of expenditure.

In each section of the guide we have set out some questions to help audit and risk committee members to understand and challenge activities. Each section can be used on its own, although we would recommend that audit and risk committee members consider the whole guide, as the questions in other sections may be interrelated. Each individual section has the questions at the end, but for ease of use all the questions are included in Appendix One.

The guide may also be used as organisations and audit and risk committees consider reporting in the 2020-21 period.”

The full report can be obtained from the NAO website:

<https://www.nao.org.uk/report/guidance-for-audit-and-risk-committees-on-financial-reporting-and-management-during-covid-19/>



CIPFA – Financial Scrutiny Practice Guide

Produced by the Centre for Public Scrutiny (CfPS) and CIPFA, this guide provides guidance to councils and councillors in England on how they might best integrate an awareness of council finances into the way that overview and scrutiny works.

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on council finances, uncertainty regarding the delayed fair funding review and future operations for social care – on top of a decade of progressively more significant financial constraints – has placed local government in a hugely challenging position.

For the foreseeable future, council budgeting will be even more about the language of priorities and difficult choices than ever before.

This guide suggests ways to move budget and finance scrutiny beyond set-piece scrutiny 'events' in December and quarterly financial performance scorecards being reported to committee. Effective financial scrutiny is one of the few ways that councils can assure themselves that their budget is robust and sustainable, and that it intelligently takes into account the needs of residents.

Scrutiny can provide an independent perspective, drawing directly on the insights of local people, and can challenge assumptions and preconceptions. It can also provide a mechanism to ensure an understanding tough choices that councils are now making.

This paper has been published as the local government sector is seeking to manage the unique set of financial circumstances arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. This has resulted, through the Coronavirus Act 2020 and other legislation, in changes to local authorities' formal duties around financial systems and procedures.

The approaches set out in this guide reflect CfPS and CIPFA's thinking on scrutiny's role on financial matters as things stand, but the preparation for the 2021/22 budget might look different. CfPS has produced a separate guide to assist scrutineers in understanding financial matters during the pandemic



The full report can be obtained from CIPFA's website:

<https://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/reports/financial-scrutiny-practice-guide>

Future Procurement and Market Supply Options Review – Public Sector Audit Appointments

Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) has commissioned an independent review of the sustainability of the local government audit market. The review was undertaken by an independent consultancy, Touchstone Renard.

PSAA note that the report “draws on the views of audit firms active in the local authority market as well as others that are not. In doing so it identifies a number of distinctive challenges in the current local audit market. In particular it highlights the unprecedented scrutiny and significant regulatory pressure on the auditing profession; the challenges of a demanding timetable which expects publication of audited accounts by 31 July each year; and the impact of austerity on local public bodies and its effect on both the complexity of the issues auditors face and the capacity of local finance teams”.

Key findings in the report include:

- A lack of experienced local authority auditors as the main threat to the future sustainability of the market.
- It will be difficult to bring the non-approved firms into the market.
- Of the nine approved firms, only five have current contracts with PSAA.
- Almost all of the approved firms have reservations about remaining in the market.
- Firms perceive that their risks have increased since bids were submitted for the current contracts.
- The timing of local audits is problematic.

Key issues for the next procurement round include:

- Number of lots and lot sizes.
- Lot composition.
- Length of contracts.
- Price:quality ratio.

The report notes that “PSAA will need to balance the views of the firms with wider considerations including the needs of audited bodies and the requirement to appoint an auditor to every individual body opting in to its collective scheme”.



The full report can be obtained from the PSAA website:

<https://www.psa.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/PSAA-Future-Procurement-and-Market-Supply-Options-Review.pdf>

